Num. 4063

The Caledonian Mercury.

Edinburgh, Monday, October 27, 1746.

Since our last arrived a Holland Mail.

From the London Gazette, Oct. 21.

From the Camp at Menton, Oct. 14. N. S.

SINCE the 6th inst. N. S. we have had nothing very material here in Point of Military Occurrences: The Evacuation of the Town of Ventimiglia by the Enemy was like to prove of little Service to us, as our marching forwards seemed to be equally obstructed by their leaving 300 Men in the Castle, under the Command of a brave and resolute Swiss Officer, who would not hear of any Propositions for the surrendring of it. In this Dilemma, the King of Sardinia, and the Generals under him, turned their Thoughts to the finding out some other Road by the Mountains, and rendring it practicable by Pioneers; and altho' the Difficulties seemed almost insuperable, it was at last compassed, and the Army set forwards on Monday the 10th instant to this Place in two Marches; but tho' we avoided the Cannon of the Castle, we had much to suffer from the Badness of the Road, insomuch that the King of Sardinia and the Duke of Savoy themselves were forced to go most of the Way on Foot, and several of our Horses and Mules fell down the Precipices. Upon the Army's coming here, we were informed the Enemy was possessed of all the essential Posts that lay between this Place and Nice, and the Means of forcing them out of the same, and opening the Way to the Var were immediately taken into Consideration: Besides the two Bodies under Marquis Baloian and Brigadier Martini (the last of which was reinforced with several Companies of Grenadiers, chosen Militia, and Independent Companies) which were disposed of in the Mountains on the Flank of the Enemy, General Gorani was ordered to march with 10 Battalions more, to attack them if possible on another Side: We heard Yesterday Evening that he had already driven them out of one essential Post and secured it, as also that he was preparing to attack them again this Morning.

By an Officer who arrived Yesterday from the Marquis Botta, we understand that General Brown had begun his March with a large Detachment from the Austrian Army near Genoa to join us. We have this Morning had an Account, that there were Yesterday Afternoon, and till late in the Night, several sharp Engagements on the Mountains that command the Post of La Turbie, between the Body of our Troops under General Gorani and the French and Spanish Troops there: Some Men have been lost on both Sides, tho' more on the Enemy's than our's, but General Gorani himself has been killed on the Spot. However our People succeeded at last in forcing and possessing themselves of all the Posts that command La Turbie, except one little Hillock, which Count D'Antremont, a Brigadier in the King of Sardinia's Troops, on whom the Command of that Body is now devolved, proposed to attack this Morning if the Enemy did not abandon it in the Night, which their Deserters, who are just now come in, assure us that they have done. If this last Circumstance is confirmed and proves true, our March to Nice can now meet but with very little Opposition, and we think will be immediately undertaken.

P. S. Two Officers dispatched by Count D'Antremont have just now brought the King of Sardinia an Account, that the Enemy had abandoned La Turbie in the Night.

Munich, Oct. 20. Letters of the 7th instant from the King of Sardinia's Head Quarters at Bordighera inform us, that his Sardinian Majesty, after having driven the French and Spaniards from their Posts upon the Hills, with very little Loss on his Part, had given Orders for making a new Road over a Mountain which leads to the Castle of Ventimiglia, in order to attack it, which it is thought would give the Enemy Time to retire: And they write from Nice under the same Date, that it was thought that half the Spanish Cavalry would march to Catalonia, and the rest remain in Savoy.

Copenhagen, Oct. 22. We had a violent Storm here on the 13th instant, which must have occasioned great Losses at Sea. A melancholy Account is already received of some Part of the British Merchant Fleet, which sailed lately from Elsenore. Several of those Traders run upon the Riff of Anholt, where one stuck fast, two beat over, and are since sunk, but the Men saved; two others got into a small Swedish Harbour in a very bad Condition, the rest threw Part of their Cargoes over board, and by that means were preserved, but it is much feared that some more have perished; since the Convoy was seen upon the Coast of Norway with only about 90 Sail, tho' they were upwards of 100 when they left Elsenore. Lieutenant Generals Hultfield, Walter, Brockenhuus and Lerche, are promoted to the Rank of Generals, the two former of the Infantry, and the latter of the Cavalry. The French Cutter which put in at Bergen, with a new Company of suspected Persons, sailed away with them for France on the 8th of August.

Camp of Ambie, October 26. The British and Hessian Troops march this Morning towards Venlo, the Hanoverians are to follow next Saturday, and such of the Austrians as are to be in Luxemburg marched Yesterday.

Amsterdam, Oct. 28. There are several Letters here that say, that the Duke d'Anville's Squadron has attacked Louisbourg, and has been repulsed with great Loss, both by Sea and Land. By our best Advices from Brussels,

Marſhal Saxe arrived there on Monday laſt from the Army; it was thought he would remain there eight or ten Days, and then ſet out for Paris. The Duke de Bonteville was appointed Governor of Bruſſels, and C. Lowendall of Namur and the Province. The French were beginning to demoliſh the Fortifications of Mons. By Letters from Paris of the 24th inſtant, the Engliſh Troops under General St. Clair had intrenched themſelves very ſtrongly upon the Peninſula of Quiberon. They had erected three Batteries, and the Fleet had a good Bay to ride in, and was ſecured from all Winds. They had alſo made a Cut through the Iſthmus which joins the Point of Quiberon to the Continent. Some Letters ment on, that after having landed the Troops, the Engliſh Squadron was ſailed in order to lay Siege to Belleiſle. It was added, that the Engliſh had not committed any Outrages, but that the Alarm amongſt the Merchants was renewed, and that the Duke de Penthievres was upon the Point of ſetting out for Brittany; the Marſhal la Farre was already gone thither, together with Meſſ. Rotelin, de St. Prix, Cocelegan, and de Contades, and that the Duke de Rohan was getting together 1000 Gentlemen of the Province. By Advices from Breſt of the 18th inſtant, two French Men of War which ſailed with Duke d'Anville's Squadron, were arrived there, with an Account that the ſaid Squadron had met with a violent Storm within 50 Leagues of Nova Scotia, by which the whole had greatly ſuffered, and that ſome of their largeſt Ships had been ſeparated from the Fleet in a very bad Condition. We have Letters from Vannes of the 20th, which ſay, that four Days after the Engliſh Troops had reimbarked, their Fleet appeared off the Caſtle of Quineron, and ſummoned the Governor to ſurrender, threatning, in Caſe of Refuſal, to uſe the Garriſon with the utmoſt Rigour, and that the Governor had thereupon ſurrendred to them; that the Town of Vannes was in the utmoſt Conſternation, the Guards of the Coaſt having retired with Precipitation upon the landing of the Engliſh Troops; that by their Poſition all Communication with Belleiſle was cut off; and that ſeveral Britiſh Men of War were cruizing off that Iſland, to prevent any Supplies being ſent from the Coaſt thither; that an Order was arrived from Court, ſtrictly prohibiting any Ship of any Nation whatever from going out of any of the Ports of Britany. The French Eaſt India Stock, which upon the Reimbarking of the Engliſh Troops, roſe to 1420, was fallen again to 1180.

Hague, Oct. 28. Letters of the 12th inſtaſt from Genoa aſſure, the Auſtrians under Count Brown being in Motion to overtake the King of Sardinia at Ventimiglia, and after their Junction, it is thought, that that Prince will leave to the Count the Command of the whole Combined Army, and return himſelf to Turin, in the mean Time the French and Spaniards are ſaid to have repaſſed the Var. The Penſionary returned thither from Breda laſt Night, as did the Earl of Sandwich to Day; and it is talked that M. de Puiſieux may likewiſe ſoon make a Tour over to this Place, where Count Harrach is daily expected. Our Letters from Paris of the 23d bring nothing new from the Side of Brittany with Regard to the ſecond Deſcent of the Engliſh, but they ſpeak as if the French Court had received ſome diſagreeable News of the Operations of its own Squadron under the Duke of Anvile; and there are ſome private Letters here, which repreſent it to have actually met with a conſiderable Check in America, tho' they do not agree in the Circumſtances.

From Wye's Letter, London, Oct. 21.

It is adviſed from Conſtantinople by the Way of Venice, that a definitive Treaty and Alliance had been ſigned on the 24th Auguſt laſt, on the Frontiers of Perſia, between the Shah Nadir and the Grand Segnior, and that we may ſoon expect News of the outmoſt conſequence from thence, as it is already evident that the French Faction begins to recover Credit, which is always attended with Propoſals to the Court for diſturbing the Peace of Chriſtendom.

Yeſterday an Expreſs arrived from the Earl of Sandwich, which we are told brought Advice, that the Marquis d'Anville's Fleet had made an Attempt upon Cape Breton, but met with ſo warm a Reception that they were ſoon obliged to deſiſt, and that the Men of War lately drove aſhore near Breſt had a great Number of their wounded on board.

It is adviſed, that the French Squadron, after their Attempt on Cape Breton, in which many of their Men were killed, and a vaſt Number drove into the Sea, met with a violent Storm, in which many of their largeſt Ships were loſt, and many of the others foundered.

From the General Evening Poſt, Oct. 21.

LONDON, *Oct.* 21.

By private Letters received Yeſterday from the Hague we learn, that the Duke de Anville having ſet ſail from Rochelle the 22d of June laſt, N. S. with 21 Men of War, Frigates and large Privateers, beſides many ſmall ones from 10 to 14 Guns, and near 200 Tranſports, with ſeveral Regiments on board, commanded by M. Pommerit, Brigadier General, ſteered directly his Courſe for Cape Breton.

That when he came there, he made the neceſſary Diſpoſitions, and landed ſome thouſand Men, with a large Train of Artillery, and immediately commanded the Governor of Louisbourg to ſurrender, and being refuſed, he directly attacked the Town in the moſt vigorous Manner both by Sea and Land, though they could do but little Execution by Sea, on account of ſome Engliſh Men of War, who behaved ſo well as to keep them out of the Harbour.

That they continued the Siege for many Days, during which the Garriſon made ſeveral ſucceſsful Sallies, and killed a great Number of them. At laſt, finding the Garriſon reſolute, and that they were not able to bring their heavy Artillery near enough to make a ſufficient Breach, they made Preparations for reimbarking; as they had no Shelter for their Ships, the Sea began to run mountainous high, and they were not like to ſucceed, which the Garriſon being appriſed of, by the ceaſing of their Cannon, made a prodigious Sally in the Night, marched up to their Camp, made a moſt terrible Slaughter of their Men, and nailed up two large Batteries of their Cannon.

That the next Morning all the Forces began to reimbark, but by the Time they had got Half on board, the

Garriſon made their laſt Sally with ſuch Succeſs, that they killed many more, drove a vaſt Number into the Sea, and took ſeveral of their Cannon, and a deal of Baggage, the French not being able to bring the Guns of their Ships to bear upon them, as it was upon a Point of Land where they muſt have hurt their own Men more than theſe of the Garriſon.

That in the mean time the Guns from the Ships in the Harbour, and thoſe from the two Batteries, did infinite Damage to their Ships; and in this ſhattered Condition they all put to Sea again; but when they had got near Nova Scotia, a moſt terrible Tempeſt aroſe in which many even of their largeſt Ships were loſt; and the Remainder diſperſed in ſuch a Manner, that there were only two Men of War at preſent got back to Breſt, and ſome few of the Tranſports returned into Rochelle and other Ports of France, all in a very miſerable Condition.

From the London Evening Poſt, Oct. 21.

Paris, Oct. 21. The Pretender's two Sons paſſed by here laſt Wedneſday in a Coach and Six, going to wait upon his Majeſty at Fontainbleau. Lochiel, and the other Camerons who accompanyed Prince Edward in all his Difficulties, will have Penſions ſettled upon them according to their Rank. They write from Provence that the Infant Don Philip is at Aix, and that the Marquis de Mirepoix has received Orders to blow up Villafranca, if the Piedmonteſe ſhould advance towards it.

It's ſaid that the Marriage of the Dauphin with the Princeſs Maria Joſepha of Poland and Saxony, will ſoon be declared at Court.

LONDON, *Oct.* 21.

Private Letters from Madrid of the 11th Inſtant, N. S. adviſe, that a new Treaty of Alliance, offenſive and defenſive, between France and Spain, is concluded and ſigned.

By Advices of the 16th Inſtant, N. S. from Duſſeldorp, it is ſaid that the Elector Palatine is gathering his Forces together, hiring new ones, and compleating his old Regiments.

There are likewiſe Letters from Berlin, which ſay that the Pruſſian Forces are again in Motion; and it is thought, if the *Weather don't prove too ſevere*, will take the Route of Bohemia.

Laſt Night it was ſtrongly reported, that the King of *Sardinia*, with ſeventeen thouſand *Auſtrians* and *Piedmonteze*, had actually entered *Provence* at the Heels of the *French* and *Spaniards*.

We hear that Notice was Yeſterday given to A——l M———s, that he muſt this Day receive *Sentence of Death* for his Conduct in the Action off *T——n.*——— The A—— is about 70 Years of Age, and it is generally thought will have his *Remainder of Life* given him after this neceſſary Formality, which is the Conſequence of a SPEEDY and EFFECTUAL C—— M——.

The *E——h F——*, by making an Iſland of *Point Quiberon*, from whence to annoy the Enemy with their *Shipping*, ſeem to have diſcovered at laſt what Situation ſuits them beſt, which is not the *Continent*.

It is reported, that great Alterations will ſoon be made in the Marine Regiments; that they will be incorporated with the Naval Syſtem, and all the Field Officers diſmiſſed.

The Elizabeth, Ramſay, from Belfaſt to the Leeward Iſlands, is taken by the French, and carried into Martinico.

Bank Stock 135. India Stock no Price. South-Sea Stock 103.

EDINBURGH, *October* 27.

A Liſt of Gentlemen is handed about here who among others embarked with the young Pretender for France, viz. Lochziell, Archibald his Brother, Clunie Macpherſon, John Roy Stuart, Clanronald jun. Donald his Brother, Glenalladel of the ſame Family, Lochgarry, John Son to Scollas, Barriſdale and his Son Archibald, carried over as Priſoners.

The Right Hon. the Lord Preſident of the Seſſion is expected in Town To-morrow Night, as it is thought he ſet out from London on Wedneſday laſt.

On Friday Night about 11 o'Clock a terrible Storm of Wind and Rain aroſe, and continued that Night and next Day. The Ships in the Road of Leith put up Lights on their Top-maſt-heads, and fired ſeveral Signals of Diſtreſs betwixt eleven at Night and one of the Morning; however they have all rode out the Storm, excepting one which was ſunk near Inchkeith, but the Crew ſaved themſelves in the long Boat. The Tempeſt raged on Saturday all Day, ſo that there was no Paſſage from Kinghorn to Leith till Yeſterday Morning.

We have no particular Accounts from Carliſle or Brampton; only it is ſaid that ſix of the Perſons appointed for Execution at Brampton and Penrith are reprieved, among whom are, Mr. Robert Lyon, James Forbes, Richard Moriſon, and Andrew Anderſon.

Leith, Oct. 27. Arrived the Emanuel of and from Moſs, Henderſon, with Dales; the Liberty of Burntiſland, Ritchie, from North-Bergen with Tar and Dales; the Magdalene of Leith, Mackenzie, from Bremen with Crooked Wood; the Anne of ditto, Pride, from Campvere with Hay.

The following Veſſels are juſt now in the Road, and are to proceed for London and Holland under Convoy of the Bridgewater, this Day or To-morrow Morning, viz. The Iſabel and May of Burntiſland, Haxton; the Edinburgh and Glaſgow Merchant of Kinghorn, Betſon; the Providence of Leith, all with Bale Goods, Tobacco, Snuff, Wines, Leather, &c. the Concord of Whitby, Chapman, with old and new Arms; the George, Muir, and the Janet, Wat, both of Leith and with Lead; alſo the Katharine of ditto, Bytter, with Coals. Sailed the Margaret of and for Fraſersburgh, Cheyes, with Wool, Leather, &c.

P. S. Juſt now ſailed the Serpent Bomb on a Cruize.

☾ This Day, the 24th Day of the Moon, it is high Water at Leith, Forenoon, at 12 o'clock, 18 M. Afternoon, at 12, 42 M. Tueſday, Forenoon, at 1, 6 M. Afternoon, at 1, 30 M. Wedneſday, Forenoon, at 1, 54 M. Afternoon, at 2, 18 M.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

Strayed out of Muirhouſe Parks, in the Pariſh of Cramond, on Sunday the 19th inſtant at Night,

Twenty one WEDDERS, eleven whereof marked with a little Tar upon the Tail, nine marked with Keel on the

Neck, and one large long tailed Sheep. Any Perſon that can give Notice of them at Muirhouſe, or to the Author of this Paper, ſo as they may be got back, ſhall be ſufficiently rewarded.

†¶† That a General Meeting of the MUSICAL SOCIETY is to be held at Mary's Chapel on Wedneſday the 12th Day of November next, at 5 o'Clock Afternoon; at or before which Meeting, each Member is to pay in to the Treaſurer the uſual additional Contribution of One Guinea, otherwiſe to forfeit his Place in the Society, in terms of their Conſtitution.

To be SOLD by publick Roup, on Thurſday the 6th of November next, betwixt the Hours of 3 and 4 Afternoon, at JAMES CHEAP's Wine Cooper, in his Loft, Head of Quality ſtreet, Leith,

A Parcel of RICE,

Fit for making STARCH, or DISTILLING; which, by Trial, makes a fine Spirit. The Rice may be ſeen any Day before the Roup.

By the TRUSTEES for the Creditors of MERCHISTON, LETHEM *and* BLAIR,

That the ſaid Truſtees being determined to make a Dividend among the ſaid Creditors at Martinmas next peremptorily; in order to this, States of the Creditors Claims are prepared by Francis Farquharſon Accomptant, and to be ſeen in the Hands of the ſaid Francis Farquharſon, and alſo in the Hands of James Halyburton Clerk to the Truſtees, which the Creditors or their Doers are deſired to look into between and the 3d Day of November next, that the finiſhing of the Scheme of Diviſion may not be retarded, and that if any Miſtake or Omiſſion has happened, the ſame may be rectified in due Time: With Certification, that if no Objection be offered between and the ſaid 3d Day of November, the Creditors ſhall be held as acquieſcing.—And ſuch of the Creditors as have borrowed upany of their Grounds of Debt, are deſired inſtantly to reproduce them in the Hands of the ſaid James Halyburton. And any who have not deponed on the Verity of their Debts, are inſtantly to do it, otherwiſe they will be excluded from the Diviſion.

To be ROUPED,

Upon Thurſday the 30th of October inſtant, at Pitcarlie, in the Pariſh of Newburgh and Shire of Fife, Four large Black MARES, fit for Breeders and any Kind of Draught, all Horſed by one of the beſt Stallions ever was in this Country; with ſeveral FILLIES and COLTS of different Ages, and two HORSE FOALS, all bred out of theſe Mares and Mr. Hickſon's Horſes Hamlet and Creeper. *As alſo*, a large Parcel of OXEN proper for Work or the Butcher, and about thirty STOTS and Bulled QUEYS, moſt part of fine Kinds; with all Sorts of Labouring Inſtruments, two fine cloſe large Carts, and a Pair of Fanners from Picardie.

Likewiſe a Quantity of BARLEY, OATS and PEASE to be ſold, CORN and FODDER, and two large HAY STACKS of ſown GRASS, with a large Nurſery of THORNS, and moſt Kinds of Barren Trees fit for planting out.

The Roup to begin at 10 o'Clock in the Morning.

N. B. The Gardens and Pigeon-houſe and Pitcairlie are to be SETT, and may be entred to immediately, as alſo the HOUSE of 12 Fire-rooms well finiſhed, beſides many Cloſets and all Sorts of Office-houſes: And 80 Acres of Ground, all old ſown Graſs, incloſed and well watered, to be ſett and entred to as a Tackſman and the Heritor ſhall agree, ſeparately, or altogether.

By ADJOURNMENT.

To be expoſed to Sale by way of voluntary Roup, either in Whole or Parcels as Purchaſers ſhall offer, upon Monday the 10th of November next, betwixt the Hours of 3 and 4 in the Afternoon, within the Laigh Coffee-houſe in Edinburgh,

The LANDS and BARONY of *SAUCHIE*, with the Lands of *Little Sauchie*, and Teinds thereof, lying within the Pariſh of St. Ninian's and Shire of Stirling, and within two Miles of the Town of Stirling, holding partly Feu and Blanch, and partly Taxtward of the Crown, paying of yearly free Rent 8 Bolls of Meal, 12 Bolls of Bear, 3 Bolls 2 Firlots of Oats, 8 Bolls 2 Firlots of Malt, 40 l. 2 s. 9 d. Scots of Money, 7 Veals, 11 Wedders, 16 Stones of Butter, 129 Capons, 227 Hens, 6 Poultry, 199 Loads of Peats, 308 Loads of Coals, 36 long Carriages, 33 ſhort ones, and 162 Days Dargs; and this beſides the Parks, which have always been in the Heritor's own Poſſeſſion, conſiſting of about 160 Acres of Ground, valued at 2000 Merks yearly all which are incloſed with a ſufficient Stone and Lime-dyke, and ſubdivided with Hedge-rows and Ditches. There is a double Pigeon-houſe, with a very convenient lodgeable Houſe on the foreſaid Lands, and all Kinds of proper Office-houſes in good Repair, with a Garden of 4 Acres of Ground, ſurrounded with a Stone and Lime-wall 12 Feet high beſides a vaſt deal of old Planting about the Houſe and Parks; and the Lands are very improveable, having great Quantities of Moſs and Muir belonging thereto, with an inexhauſtible Lime Quarry, which is the only workable one in that Country, and might, with a very ſmall Expence, yield a conſiderable yearly Profit, the Tenants paying the Third, and the Feuars the Fourth of all Lime that they ſell to the Heritor, free of any Charges, which, *communibus annis*, amounts to 500 Merks yearly. The Progreſs of Writs, with the Rental of the Lands and Conditions of Roup, are to be ſeen in the Hands of Alexander Stevenſon of Montgreenan, Writer to the Signet, and George Nicolſon Writer in Edinburgh; and a Copy of the Rental and Conditions in the Hands of Robert Leckie Writer in Stirling.

N. B. There is a large Wood on the foreſaid Lands, conſiſting of Oak, Aſh, Elm, &c. and the Tenants pay the Ceſs and other publick Burdens, and, at the Expiry of each 19 Years, conſiderable Graſſums by way of Entry. If any Perſon inclines to make a Bargain before the Day of the Roup, they will be treated with by any of the above Perſons.

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